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10/705,525	11/10/2003	Attila Barta	RSW920030176US1	5400
51016 7590 10/15/2007 IBM CORP. (RALEIGH SOFTWARE GROUP) c/o Rudolf O Siegesmund Gordon & Rees, LLP 2100 Ross Avenue Suite 2800 DALLAS, TX 75201			EXAMINER CHEN, QING	
			ART UNIT 2191	PAPER NUMBER
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**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No. 10/705,525	Applicant(s) BARTA ET AL.	
	Examiner Qing Chen	Art Unit 2191	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 February 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3-14,16-21 and 23-40 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3-14,16-21 and 23-40 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
     Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
     Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)   | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

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### DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office action is in response to the RCE filed on February 16, 2007.
2. **Claims 1, 3-14, 16-21, and 23-40** are pending.
3. **Claims 1, 4, 13, 14, 16, 20, 21, 23, 34, and 40** have been amended.
4. **Claims 2, 15, and 22** have been cancelled.
5. The objections to Claims 1, 3-14, 16-19, 21, 23-34, and 40 are withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments to the claims.
6. The 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, rejections of Claims 1, 3-14, 16-19, 21, and 23-33 are withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments to the claims.
7. The 35 U.S.C. § 101 rejection of Claim 20 is withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments to the claim.

### *Response to Amendment*

#### *Claim Objections*

8. **Claims 1, 3-14, 20, 21, and 34** are objected to because of the following informalities:
  - **Claims 1, 14, 20, 21, and 34** contain a typographical error: "Websphere" should read -- WebSphere --.
  - **Claims 3-13** recite "The method" as the category of invention. Applicant is advised to change this category of invention to read "The computer implemented method" for the purpose of providing it with proper explicit antecedent basis.
  - **Claim 20** contains a typographical error: "a computer readable media" should read -- a computer-readable medium --.

Appropriate correction is required.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112***

9. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

10. **Claims 1, 3-14, 16-21, and 23-40** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

**Claims 1, 14, 20, 21, and 34** contain the trademark or trade name WEBSPHERE. When a trademark or trade name is used in a claim as a limitation to identify or describe a particular material or product, the claim does not comply with the requirements of the 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph. *Ex parte Simpson*, 218 USPQ 1020 (Bd. App. 1982). The claim scope is uncertain since the trademark or trade name cannot be used properly to identify any particular material or product. A trademark or trade name is used to identify a source of goods, and not the goods themselves. Thus, the use of a trademark or trade name in a claim to identify or describe a material or product (in the present case, a specific application server) would not only render a claim indefinite, but would also constitute an improper use of the trademark or trade name.

**Claims 3-13** depend on Claim 1 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 1.

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**Claims 16-19** depend on Claim 14 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 14.

**Claims 23-33** depend on Claim 21 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 21.

**Claims 35-40** depend on Claim 34 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 34.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

12. **Claims 1, 3, 4, 6-14, 16-19, 21, 23, 24, and 26-33** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Curtis (US 6,442,754) in view of Foster (US 6,675,382).

As per **Claim 1**, Curtis discloses:

- using a data structure in a storage that provides, for each of the plurality of software components, a component deployment dependency data, an indication of necessary components for an operation of each of the plurality of software components being installed, and an indication of incompatibility with a previous installed component (*see Figure 5; Column 13: 7-27 and 33-37*, "... a data structure ... is maintained in the registry object or registry database

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220, indicating installed programs and dependent components on which installed programs depend.” and “Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate. The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, fileset name, and fileset version for each program on which the fileset including the dependency subdirectory depends.” and “...the dependency directory may indicate dependent file sets or registry objects that are the subject matter of the processed dependency object. If there are no dependent components, then the dependency directory will contain no values.”); and

- using a computer connected to the storage and a program installed in a memory of the computer (see Figure 1: 10; Column 5: 29-31, “The programs in memory 12 includes an operating system (OS) 16 program and application programs, such as an install program 17 or an installer tool kit.”), performing the steps of:

- determining a first plurality of components previously installed on a system (see Column 11: 11-20, “... a call to the check\_dependency function ... This function determines whether the file, program or registry object indicated in the dependency object 400 is installed on the computer.”);

- determining a second plurality of components to be installed on the system (see Figure 2: 340; Column 11: 23-24, “... a file set 340 is installed.”);

- accessing a third plurality of components deployment dependency data (see Column 13: 18-21, “Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate.”);

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- accessing a sixth plurality of metadata from the data structure regarding the second plurality of components to be installed and accessing a seventh plurality of metadata regarding the first plurality of components previously installed (*see Column 13: 13-15 and 21-24, "A root directory includes a sub-directory for each installed program, indicating the program name and version." and "The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, fileset name, and fileset version for each program on which the fileset including the dependency subdirectory depends."*); and

- analyzing the sixth plurality of metadata to determine an eight plurality of potential conflicts between the second plurality of components to be installed and the first plurality of components previously installed on a system (*see Column 12: 27-32, "...generate a list from the information maintained in the description ('desc') field 434 of all returned dependency objects to display to the user, indicating dependent components that must be installed before the depending program may be installed."*).

However, Curtis does not disclose:

- determining a fourth plurality of components suitable for parallel installation;
- determining an order in which the fourth plurality of components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations;
- wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of components to be installed in parallel and in sequence of groups;
- wherein an installation time is reduced; and
- wherein the plurality of software components comprises an IBM® WebSphere®

Application Server (WAS).

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Foster discloses:

- determining a fourth plurality of components suitable for parallel installation (*see Column 10: 6-8, "... other packages may be concurrently installed that require the presence of package 200 on the system."*);
- determining an order in which the fourth plurality of components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations (*see Column 10: 8-10, "... the system checks the dependencies between package 200 and the packages that are being simultaneously installed."*);
- wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of components to be installed in parallel and in sequence of groups (*see Column 10: 8-10, "... the packages that are being simultaneously installed."*); and
- wherein an installation time is reduced (*see Column 10: 8-10, "... the packages that are being simultaneously installed."*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Foster into the teaching of Curtis to include determining a fourth plurality of components suitable for parallel installation; determining an order in which the fourth plurality of components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations; wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of components to be installed in parallel and in sequence of groups; and wherein an installation time is reduced. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide an efficient and simple solution for packaging, distributing and installing software (*see Foster – Column 1: 43-44*).



Official Notice is taken that it is old and well-known within the computing art to utilize an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS). WAS is a popular software application server within IBM's WebSphere® brand. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include wherein the plurality of software components comprises an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS). The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to integrate applications across multiple computing platforms.

As per **Claim 3**, the rejection of **Claim 1** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- updating the data structure with an identity of a ninth plurality of recently installed components (*see Column 13: 28-30, "The information in this directory is created whenever a component is installed. For instance, whenever a program is installed, a subdirectory is created under the root directory."*).

As per **Claim 4**, the rejection of **Claim 1** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- providing a user with a plurality of options for the eight plurality of potential conflicts (*see Column 12: 35-45, "If so, control transfers to block 534 where the program displays on the display means 14 the name of the dependent component that was not located on the system and a radio button to allow the user to selectively cause the execution of the install script in the Install 416 or SInstall 418 fields. If there is not install script, then control transfers to block 536 where the program displays information maintained in the install information field 426 to inform the*

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*user on where to obtain the dependent component that is needed before the program may be installed.”).*

As per **Claim 6**, the rejection of **Claim 4** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a second option includes continuing an installation (*see Column 12: 51-53, “When the user selects to install the file, the install program 17 will execute the install script in either the Install 416 or SInstall field 418.”*).

As per **Claim 7**, the rejection of **Claim 6** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- upon the exercise of the second option, recording an entry in a log indicative of a conflict and of a continuation of installation (*see Figure 2: 140; Column 7: 4-5, “During install, the log 140 and ‘uninstall.Javal’ 150 information are built.”; Column 8: 24-29, “... providing various logs, e.g. a log for keeping track of what is being installed, and a log that reports the progress of install. Logs are used for both the install and uninstall process. Furthermore, these logs are human readable which allows them to be checked, e.g., after a silent install, to ensure that a file has installed successfully.”*).

As per **Claim 8**, the rejection of **Claim 1** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- initiating a removal of component from a system (*see Figure 6: 560; Column 13: 50-51, “... the program processes a request to uninstall a program.”*); and
- identifying a tenth plurality of remaining components which depend on the component to be removed (*see Column 13: 59-62, “The uninstall program may navigate the*

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*directory structure from the dependency directory shown in FIG. 5 to determine dependant programs that depend on the program subject to the uninstallation. ").*

As per **Claim 9**, the rejection of **Claim 8** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- providing a user with a plurality of options if the tenth plurality of dependent remaining components is identified (see Column 12: 35-45, *"If so, control transfers to block 534 where the program displays on the display means 14 the name of the dependent component that was not located on the system and a radio button to allow the user to selectively cause the execution of the install script in the Install 416 or SInstall 418 fields. If there is not install script, then control transfers to block 536 where the program displays information maintained in the install information field 426 to inform the user on where to obtain the dependent component that is needed before the program may be installed. ").*

As per **Claim 10**, the rejection of **Claim 9** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a first option includes aborting a removal (see Figure 6: 570; Column 13: 62-63, *"Control then transfers to block 570 to exit uninstallation ... ").*

As per **Claim 11**, the rejection of **Claim 9** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a second option includes continuing a removal (see Figure 6: 568; Column 13: 55-56, *"Otherwise, control transfers to block 568 to proceed with the uninstallation. ").*

As per **Claim 12**, the rejection of **Claim 8** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

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- identifying a first component previously installed on a system which is dependent upon a removed component (*see Column 13: 4-6 and 64-67, "... before uninstalling a program, a determination may be made as to whether other installed components depend on the file being uninstalled." and "... information indicating the depending programs that should be uninstalled before continuing with the uninstallation of the program, which is a dependent program."*); and
- determining an identity of a second component upon which the first component depends (*see Column 13: 1-4, "During installation of a dependent program, dependency information from the Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file."*).

As per **Claim 13**, the rejection of **Claim 12** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- installing the second component upon which the first component depends (*see Column 13: 1-4, "During installation of a dependent program, dependency information from the Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file."*); and
- creating a dependency link between the first component and the second component (*see Column 13: 1-4, "Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file."*).

**Claim 14** is a system claim corresponding to the computer implemented method claim above (Claim 1) and, therefore, is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 1.

As per **Claim 16**, the rejection of **Claim 14** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- a means for loading an installation package including the data structure (*see Figure 2: 101; Column 5: 56-58, "A script, referred to herein as 'installerjava', 101 FIG. 2, is used to run the install engine. The script implements the base installer class in Java."; Column 7: 40-45, "... a platform independent registry database class 220 is created which ties the platform specific code 201 with registry objects 332. The registry database 220 implements the registry function for those platforms which do not have a registry."*).

As per **Claim 17**, the rejection of **Claim 14** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- a ninth plurality of references among the components to be installed and located in the data structure (*see Column 13: 18-24, "Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate. The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, fileset name, and fileset version for each program on which the fileset including the dependency subdirectory depends."*).

As per **Claim 18**, the rejection of **Claim 17** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- a means for accessing the data structure (*see Column 13: 28-29, "The information in this directory is created whenever a component is installed."*).

As per **Claim 19**, the rejection of **Claim 14** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

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- a means for installing the second plurality of components across a plurality of enterprise resources (*see Column 4: 39-44, "... the dependency object may be used across operating systems to check dependencies for all operating systems on which the install program operates. In this way, the dependency object is part of the cross-platform capabilities that allow the installer program to install products on different operating system platforms."*).

As per **Claim 21**, Curtis discloses:

- determining a first plurality of components previously installed on a system (*see Column 11: 11-20, "... a call to the check\_dependency function ... This function determines whether the file, program or registry object indicated in the dependency object 400 is installed on the computer."*);
- determining a second plurality of components to be installed on the system (*see Figure 2: 340; Column 11: 23-24, "... a file set 340 is installed."*);
- accessing a third plurality of components deployment dependency data (*see Column 13: 18-21, "Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate."*);
- accessing a sixth plurality of metadata from a data structure regarding the second plurality of components to be installed and accessing a seventh plurality of metadata regarding the first plurality of components previously installed (*see Column 13: 13-15 and 21-24, "A root directory includes a sub-directory for each installed program, indicating the program name and version." and "The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, fileset name,*

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*and fileset version for each program on which the fileset including the dependency subdirectory depends."); and*

- analyzing the sixth plurality of metadata to determine an eighth plurality of potential conflicts between the second plurality of components to be installed and the first plurality of components previously installed on a system (*see Column 12: 27-32, "...generate a list from the information maintained in the description ('desc') field 434 of all returned dependency objects to display to the user, indicating dependent components that must be installed before the depending program may be installed."*).

However, Curtis does not disclose:

- determining a fourth plurality of components suitable for parallel installation;
- determining an order in which the fourth plurality of components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations;
- wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of components to be installed in parallel and in sequence of groups;
- wherein an installation time is reduced; and
- wherein the second plurality of components comprises an IBM® WebSphere®

Application Server (WAS).

Foster discloses:

- determining a fourth plurality of components suitable for parallel installation (*see Column 10: 6-8, "... other packages may be concurrently installed that require the presence of package 200 on the system."*);

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- determining an order in which the fourth plurality of components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations (*see Column 10: 8-10, "... the system checks the dependencies between package 200 and the packages that are being simultaneously installed."*);
- wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of components to be installed in parallel and in sequence of groups (*see Column 10: 8-10, "... the packages that are being simultaneously installed."*); and
- wherein an installation time is reduced (*see Column 10: 8-10, "... the packages that are being simultaneously installed."*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Foster into the teaching of Curtis to include determining a fourth plurality of components suitable for parallel installation; determining an order in which the fourth plurality of components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations; wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of components to be installed in parallel and in sequence of groups; and wherein an installation time is reduced. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide an efficient and simple solution for packaging, distributing and installing software (*see Foster – Column 1: 43-44*).

Official Notice is taken that it is old and well-known within the computing art to utilize an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS). WAS is a popular software application server within IBM's WebSphere® brand. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include wherein the second plurality of components comprises an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS). The



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modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to integrate applications across multiple computing platforms.

As per **Claim 23**, the rejection of **Claim 21** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- updating a data structure with an identity of a ninth plurality of recently installed components (*see Column 13: 28-30, "The information in this directory is created whenever a component is installed. For instance, whenever a program is installed, a subdirectory is created under the root directory."*).

As per **Claim 24**, the rejection of **Claim 21** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- providing a user with a plurality of options if a conflict is identified (*see Column 12: 35-45, "If so, control transfers to block 534 where the program displays on the display means 14 the name of the dependent component that was not located on the system and a radio button to allow the user to selectively cause the execution of the install script in the Install 416 or SInstall 418 fields. If there is not install script, then control transfers to block 536 where the program displays information maintained in the install information field 426 to inform the user on where to obtain the dependent component that is needed before the program may be installed."*).

As per **Claim 26**, the rejection of **Claim 24** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a second option includes continuing an installation (*see Column 12: 51-53, "When the user selects to install the file, the install program 17 will execute the install script in either the Install 416 or SInstall field 418."*).

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As per **Claim 27**, the rejection of **Claim 26** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- upon the exercise of the second option, recording an entry in a log indicative of the conflict and of a continuation of the installation (*see Figure 2: 140; Column 7: 4-5, "During install, the log 140 and 'uninstall.Java1' 150 information are built."; Column 8: 24-29, "... providing various logs, e.g. a log for keeping track of what is being installed, and a log that reports the progress of install. Logs are used for both the install and uninstall process. Furthermore, these logs are human readable which allows them to be checked, e.g., after a silent install, to ensure that a file has installed successfully."*).

As per **Claim 28**, the rejection of **Claim 21** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- initiating a removal of a component from a system (*see Figure 6: 560; Column 13: 50-51, "... the program processes a request to uninstall a program."*); and
- identifying a plurality of remaining components which depend on the component to be removed (*see Column 13: 59-62, "The uninstall program may navigate the directory structure from the dependency directory shown in FIG. 5 to determine dependant programs that depend on the program subject to the uninstallation."*).

As per **Claim 29**, the rejection of **Claim 28** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- providing a user with a plurality of options if a dependent remaining component is identified (*see Column 12: 35-45, "If so, control transfers to block 534 where the program displays on the display means 14 the name of the dependent component that was not located on*

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*the system and a radio button to allow the user to selectively cause the execution of the install script in the Install 416 or SInstall 418 fields. If there is not install script, then control transfers to block 536 where the program displays information maintained in the install information field 426 to inform the user on where to obtain the dependent component that is needed before the program may be installed.”).*

As per **Claim 30**, the rejection of **Claim 29** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a first option includes aborting the removal (*see Figure 6: 570; Column 13: 62-63, “Control then transfers to block 570 to exit uninstallation ... ”*).

As per **Claim 31**, the rejection of **Claim 29** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a second option includes continuing the removal (*see Figure 6: 568; Column 13: 55-56, “Otherwise, control transfers to block 568 to proceed with the uninstallation.”*).

As per **Claim 32**, the rejection of **Claim 28** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- identifying a first component previously installed on the system which is dependent upon a removed component (*see Column 13: 4-6 and 64-67, “... before uninstalling a program, a determination may be made as to whether other installed components depend on the file being uninstalled.” and “... information indicating the depending programs that should be uninstalled before continuing with the uninstallation of the program, which is a dependent program.”*); and
- indicating the identity of a second component upon which the first component depends (*see Column 13: 1-4, “During installation of a dependent program, dependency*

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*information from the Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”).*

As per **Claim 33**, the rejection of **Claim 32** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- installing the second component upon which the first component depends (*see Column 13: 1-4, “During installation of a dependent program, dependency information from the Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”*); and

- creating a dependency link between the first and second components (*see Column 13: 1-4, “Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”*).

13. **Claims 5 and 25** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Curtis (US 6,442,754) in view of Foster (US 6,675,382) as applied to Claims 4 and 24 above, and further in view of Bourke-Dunphy et al. (US 6,918,112).

As per **Claim 5**, the rejection of **Claim 4** is incorporated; however, Curtis and Foster do not disclose:

- wherein a first option includes aborting an installation.

Bourke-Dunphy et al. disclose:

- wherein a first option includes aborting an installation (*see Figure 5: 236; Column 8: 35-38, "... the user may select a CANCEL action button 236 to return to the component selection user interface ... where the user may manually modify the component selections."*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Bourke-Dunphy et al. into the teaching of Curtis to include wherein a first option includes aborting an installation. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to allow the user to exit the current installation, correct the error identified, and reinitiate the installation procedure (*see Bourke-Dunphy et al. – Column 1: 27-34*).

As per **Claim 25**, the rejection of **Claim 24** is incorporated; however, Curtis and Foster do not disclose:

- wherein a first option includes aborting an installation.

Bourke-Dunphy et al. disclose:

- wherein a first option includes aborting an installation (*see Figure 5: 236; Column 8: 35-38, "... the user may select a CANCEL action button 236 to return to the component selection user interface ... where the user may manually modify the component selections."*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Bourke-Dunphy et al. into the teaching of Curtis to include wherein a first option includes aborting an installation. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to allow the user to exit

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the current installation, correct the error identified, and reinitiate the installation procedure (*see Bourke-Dunphy et al.* – Column 1: 27-34).

14. **Claims 20, 34, 35, and 37-40** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Curtis** (US 6,442,754).

As per **Claim 20**, Curtis discloses:

- for each of the second plurality of software components, a component deployment dependency data, an indication of necessary components for an operation of each of the second plurality of software components, and an indication of incompatibility with one or more components of the first plurality of components (*see Figure 5; Column 13: 7-27 and 33-37, "... a data structure ... is maintained in the registry object or registry database 220, indicating installed programs and dependent components on which installed programs depend."* and *"Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate. The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, fileset name, and fileset version for each program on which the fileset including the dependency subdirectory depends."* and *"...the dependency directory may indicate dependent file sets or registry objects that are the subject matter of the processed dependency object. If there are no dependent components, then the dependency directory will contain no values."*); and
- wherein an alert is automatically generated if an attempt is made to install a component having an indication of incompatibility (*see Column 10: 36-40, "The description*

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*(‘desc’) field 434 provides a written description of the dependency. The description in the field 434 is displayed to the user if the dependency is not satisfied. The description information may list the name of the dependent component(s) not installed.”).*

However, Curtis does not disclose:

- wherein the software component installation package is adapted for installation of an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS).

Official Notice is taken that it is old and well-known within the computing art to utilize an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS). WAS is a popular software application server within IBM’s WebSphere® brand. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include wherein the software component installation package is adapted for installation of an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS). The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to integrate applications across multiple computing platforms.

As per **Claim 34**, Curtis discloses:

- loading an installation package, the installation package including a data structure *(see Figure 2: 101; Column 5: 56-58, “A script, referred to herein as ‘installerjava’, 101 FIG. 2, is used to run the install engine. The script implements the base installer class in Java.”; Column 7: 40-45, “... a platform independent registry database class 220 is created which ties the platform specific code 201 with registry objects 332. The registry database 220 implements the registry function for those platforms which do not have a registry.”);*

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- searching a target to which components are to be installed to identify a plurality of previously installed components (*see Column 11: 11-20, "... a call to the check\_dependency function ... This function determines whether the file, program or registry object indicated in the dependency object 400 is installed on the computer. "*);

- for a first component, accessing, in the data structure, a component deployment dependency data, an indication of necessary components for an operation of the first component, and an indication of incompatibility with a previously installed component (*see Figure 5; Column 13: 7-27 and 33-37, "... a data structure ... is maintained in the registry object or registry database 220, indicating installed programs and dependent components on which installed programs depend."* and *"Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate. The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, fileset name, and fileset version for each program on which the fileset including the dependency subdirectory depends."* and *"...the dependency directory may indicate dependent file sets or registry objects that are the subject matter of the processed dependency object. If there are no dependent components, then the dependency directory will contain no values."*);  
and

- analyzing a plurality of data from the data structure to determine a plurality of conflicts between the first component to be installed and the plurality of components previously installed on the system (*see Column 12: 27-32, "...generate a list from the information maintained in the description ('desc') field 434 of all returned dependency objects to display to*



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*the user, indicating dependent components that must be installed before the depending program may be installed.").*

However, Curtis does not disclose:

- wherein the plurality of software components comprises an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS).

Official Notice is taken that it is old and well-known within the computing art to utilize an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS). WAS is a popular software application server within IBM's WebSphere® brand. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include wherein the plurality of software components comprises an IBM® WebSphere® Application Server (WAS). The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to integrate applications across multiple computing platforms.

As per **Claim 35**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- notifying a user of the conflict (*see Column 10: 36-40, "The description ('desc') field 434 provides a written description of the dependency. The description in the field 434 is displayed to the user if the dependency is not satisfied. The description information may list the name of the dependent component(s) not installed."*).

As per **Claim 37**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

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- ignoring a detected conflict and continuing the installation (*see Column 12: 51-53, "When the user selects to install the file, the install program 17 will execute the install script in either the Install 416 or SInstall field 418."*).

As per **Claim 38**, the rejection of **Claim 37** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- entering a note in a log of the conflict (*see Figure 2: 140; Column 7: 4-5, "During install, the log 140 and 'uninstall.Javal' 150 information are built."; Column 8: 24-29, "... providing various logs, e.g. a log for keeping track of what is being installed, and a log that reports the progress of install. Logs are used for both the install and uninstall process. Furthermore, these logs are human readable which allows them to be checked, e.g., after a silent install, to ensure that a file has installed successfully."*).

As per **Claim 39**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- initiating the removal of an installed component (*see Figure 6: 560; Column 13: 50-51, "... the program processes a request to uninstall a program."*);
- accessing the data structure (*see Column 13: 51-52, "Control transfers to block 562 where the program processes all the dependency directories."*); and
- identifying a conflict if the installed component is removed (*see Column 13: 63-67, "... displays to the user on the display means 14 information indicating the depending programs that should be uninstalled before continuing with the uninstallation of the program, which is a dependent program."*).

As per **Claim 40**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- initiating an installation of a second component (*see Figure 2: 340; Column 11: 23-24, "... a file set 340 is installed."*);
- searching a target to which the second component is to be installed to verify installed components (*see Column 11: 11-20, "... a call to the check\_dependency function ... This function determines whether the file, program or registry object indicated in the dependency object 400 is installed on the computer."*);
- accessing the data structure (*see Column 11: 50-52, "... the check\_dependency function may utilize a registry database 220 to maintain information typically maintained in a registry file."*); and
- determining if all of the components required by the second component are installed (*see Column 11: 57-61, "... determine whether the program and version indicated in the Program Name 408 and Program Version 410 fields is installed in the system 10."*).

15. **Claim 36** is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Curtis (US 6,442,754) in view of Bourke-Dunphy et al. (US 6,918,112).

As per **Claim 36**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; however, Curtis does not disclose:

- aborting the installation if a conflict is detected.

Bourke-Dunphy et al. disclose:

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- aborting the installation if a conflict is detected (*see Figure 5: 236; Column 8: 35-38, "... the user may select a CANCEL action button 236 to return to the component selection user interface ... where the user may manually modify the component selections. "*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Bourke-Dunphy et al. into the teaching of Curtis to include aborting the installation if a conflict is detected. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to allow the user to exit the current installation, correct the error identified, and reinitiate the installation procedure (*see Bourke-Dunphy et al. – Column 1: 27-34*).

### ***Conclusion***

16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Qing Chen whose telephone number is 571-270-1071. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 7:30 AM to 4:00 PM. The Examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Wei Zhen, can be reached on 571-272-3708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2100.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

QC / *ac*  
October 1, 2007



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